June 11, 1772. NUMB. 2268.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain HOOPER, *arrived at* Marblehead *from* Falmouth; *Captains* GARDNER *and* ACKWORTH, *from* London, *and Captain* COLLIER, *from* Briſtol, *arrived in* Boſton; *and Captain* CASTLE, *from* Falmouth, *arrived here, we have the following Intelligence.*

WARSAW, March 14.

SINCE the arrival of two couriers to the Ruſſian Ambaſſador here, the hopes of peace ſeem to vaniſh, and it is feared to be further off than it was thought to be ſome time ago. A foreign Court ſeems much inclined to favour the peace, but the propoſals of the Ruſſians are very difficult to be accepted.

Copenhagen, March 14. Count Struenſee is very much caſt down, he talks little, and lies in bed near all day. Several religious books have been put into his hands by Dr. Munſter, who often viſits him.---The Count has gone through all his examinations, but his fate is not yet known.

Conſtantinople, Feb. 17. No leſs than five Fires have happened here within the ſpace of fifteen days, by which ſeveral thouſand houſes have been reduced to aſhes.

Birmingham, March 19. The robbery committed by a Gentleman, at the election feaſt of Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, was diſcovered by a little child, who ſaid, "that Gentleman has the ſpoons in his pocket." The Gentleman made a piſh at it; but however they inſiſted they would all ſtand ſearch, and they were found in his pocket. They then went into his houſe, where they found a tankard, that had been ſtolen three years ago, and two ſtrikes of ſmall lumps of ſugar, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen at ſuch times. What makes it the more heinous in him, he had no want, for he had 700l. caſh in his houſe, and the wretch has 150l. per ann. ſeveral poor ſervants have been turned out of place, and obliged to pay for things, which he is now ſuſpected of ſtealing. Two hundred pounds bail has been offered, but refuſed.

LONDON, *March* 19.

Yeſterday a Lady was detected in ſtealing a card of lace out of a Haberdaſher's ſhop in Cheapſide. She is a widow, and is ſaid to be really worth 200l. per ann.

March 28. *By a letter from Newry, which arrived Yeſterday, we are aſſured, that the Hearts of Steel daily increaſe, and that they were attacked near Crumlin, on the 23d of this inſtant, by a part of General Strode's regiment of foot, and a body of the Yellow Horſe, with a party of the royal artillery, amounting in all to* 560 *men, whom the inſurgents defeated, with conſiderable loſs, and afterwards deſtroyed two gentlemens houſes on the eſtate of Lord Donegal. Their number now is ſaid to be near* 11,000 *men, all proteſtants, and acquainted with the uſe of fire arms; a body much ſuperior to the military at preſent in that part of Ireland.*

March 30. *Advices from Ireland give an account of the inſurrection growing more formidable every day. The people who are in arms are not a raw, undiſciplined mob, but rather a regular army, being compoſed chiefly of deſerters from different regiments, who have fled to the North of Ireland for refuge, and are now got together with the country people, headed by diſcharged veterans, whoſe experience qualifies them for able commanders. The force ſent againſt them is compoſed of five battalions, the* 5th, 34th, 42d, 55th *and* 62d, *Drogheda's Light Horſe, and two ſquadrons of heavy dragoons, all under the command of General Giſborne; and two more regiments are cantoned in and about Port Patrick, to be ready for embarkation, in caſe their aſſiſtance ſhould be wanted. From ſo formidable an appearance, we have but too much reaſon to fear bloody work in that part.*

Extract of a Letter from Belfaſt, in the North of Ireland, by way of Port Patrick, March 24.

"*Yeſterday in the afternoon, about half paſt three o' clock, the* 62d *regiment of foot, and five companies of highlanders, came up with a party of about* 2000 *of the Hearts of Oak, &c. who are entirely compoſed of diſbanded ſoldiers, and the militia that ſo bravely diſtinguiſhed themſelves in Thurot's invaſion in* 1760, *when a general engagement immediately enſued, in which the regulars were obliged to retire with the following loſs, viz.* 62d *regiment. Killed* 1 *captain,* 2 *lieutenants,* 2 *enſigns, and* 109 *rank and file. Wounded* 2 *captains,* 1 *lieutenant, and* 147 *rank and file.--- Highlanders. Killed* 2 *captains,* 3 *lieutenants,* 1 *enſign, and* 90 *rank and file. Wounded* 2 *lieutenants,* 2 *enſigns, and* 14 *rank and file.---Killed, wounded, and priſoners of the inſurgents,* 500."

March 31. It is very apparent, that the French are now meditating ſome great ſtroke; it is well known that their ſolicitude about the poſſeſſion of the iſland of Corſica is redoubled. The Courts of Verſailles and Madrid were never on better terms; the Spaniſh Monarch is careſſed, and his acquaintance courted by all the Nobleſſe of France; great fleets are fitting out at almoſt every port of France and Spain; a new treaty is now forming with the Algerines, and a loan of two millions negotiating at the Hague; and that they are now carrying on a ſecret treaty with the Court of Copenhagen, is too apparent, to be denied. Theſe are facts which, though ſtrove to be hid and contradicted, are well known to moſt of the Adminiſtration. It is the characteriſtic of the French nation to be perfidious and ambitious, it is the part of the Engliſh to chaſtiſe them; and it is to be hoped that, notwithſtanding the notorious and ſhameful indolence and inattention of our Miniſters, the ſpirit of the Britiſh nation will riſe, unrepreſſed, and ſuperior to all their artifices.

The late affront offered by the Daniſh Council of State to Col. Keith, has been talked of in very high words by Lord Rochford to Baron Dieden, and his Lordſhip has been heard to ſay, that it will be productive of no very pleaſing conſequences.

Couriers are paſſing continually between the Courts of France and Denmark, and in the moſt private manner.

Some news, it is ſaid, arrived on Sunday from a foreign Court, that has thrown the Cabinet into confuſion. It is reported to be a diſcovery of ſome ſecret combinations formed between three great Courts.

April 1. *It is certain that very diſagreeable advices are arrived from the Eaſt-Indies. Our people having diſcovered that there was a treaty of alliance between the French and the King of Tanjour, hoſtile to the Engliſh, they had taken an opportunity to attack that Prince, and are actually beſieging the capital of his country. Tanjour is one of the fineſt provinces of the Eaſt; it is as large as Bengal, and much richer, having many gold mines, and all the diamonds. But it is not probable the natives, who are acquainted with our oppreſſions, will ſubmit to our government. A greater power than we can oppoſe may be ſelected, and, it is feared, will be employed againſt us. Leagues between the Country Princes, and the Court of Delhi, are forming, in order to diſpoſſeſs us of Bengal at leaſt: And, if whiſpers are true, ſeveral very intelligent perſons, belonging to the Company, confeſs the ſituation of their affairs in the Eaſt-Indies to be very precarious, if not dangerous.*

Died, aged 88, Lieut. General Laſſelles, Colonel of the 47th Regiment of foot; one of the oldeſt Officers in the Army.

Thomas Bennet was ordered for tranſportation for ſtealing ſeveral ſilver Spoons at an Entertainment. He is poſſeſſed of an eſtate of 200 l. a year, and 4000 l. in caſh, which he has aſſigned over in truſt to his ſon.

Letters from Dublin ſay, that the liſt of Regulars, killed and wounded, which lately appeared in a letter from the North of Ireland, was extremely incorrect; very few officers, and not 50 men, having been killed and wounded in the late ſkirmiſh with the Hearts of Steel.

The Peace which was looked upon as ſo near between the Ruſſians and the Porte, is now conſidered very differently; and it is thought there will be another campaign. The Turkiſh Divan will abſolutely not accept of the conditions propoſed by Ruſſia.

Letters from Dublin inform us, that ſome parties of inſurgents, in the north of that country, had divided, and were travelling to more diſtant parts, ranſacking all the villages in their way, and committing the moſt extreme cruelty upon ſuch of the unfortunate inhabitants as made any attempt to ſecure their property.---Surely it would be better to relieve this poor miſguided people, than to ſuffer them to ſerve themſelves, or to cut them in pieces.

Monday Mr. Sullivan moved the Houſe of Commons, for leave to bring in a bill to regulate the proceedings in the Courts of Juſtice in Bengal. It is propoſed to aboliſh the Mayor's Court entirely; to appoint a Chief Judge, with a ſalary of 8000 l. per annum, and three Puiſne Judges, with each 4000 l. per annum, an Attorney General, &c. the proceedings to be by information and anſwer, without a jury; and theſe lawyers to be appointed by the King. The appeal to be to the Governor and Council of Bengal, and the Dernier appeal to the King and Council here.

This motion brought on a debate upon India affairs in general. Several gentlemen ſpoke, particularly Lord Clive, who, in a ſenſible ſpeech, which laſted two hours and a half, gave a narrative and juſtification of his conduct. The debate laſted till eleven o'clock, when the motion to bring in the bill was agreed to, without a diviſion.

Lord Mansfield and Mr. Wedderburn, are to draw up the bill, and to be aſſiſted by Lord Mansfield's Nephew, Sir John Lindſay, who is juſt arrived from India, ſuppoſed to be at leaſt 100,000 l. richer than when he went.

April 2. A letter from Sudbury, in Suffolk, mentions, that the poor are in the utmoſt diſtreſs, on account of the high price of proviſions; that beef, mutton, veal, &c. ſell at 6d. per pound, ſalt butter at 8d. freſh ditto at 12. 2d. and that bread-corn is uncommonly dear, and ſo ſcarce, that the poor cannot purchaſe it.

Notwithſtanding what has been ſaid about the neutrality of the King of Pruſſia, in the Denmark affair, it is now known to ſome of our people in Adminiſtration, that ſhould Great-Britain proceed to vindicate the cauſe of the unfortunate Daniſh Queen by war, the above active Potentate would immediately declare himſelf an advocate for the Queen Dowager.

We are told that the Queen of Denmark, if divorced from her preſent huſband, will be demanded in marriage by the Grand Duke of Ruſſia.

April 3. It is certain that Lord Townſhend has declined having any reinforcement from Scotland. This ſtep of his Lordſhip's has given birth to much ſpeculation, as we have yet no authentic accounts of the motions of General Giſborne, much leſs that any thing deciſive has paſt.

Letters from Copenhagen adviſe, that Col. Keith, Envoy Extraordinary from England at that Court, having demanded a private audience of the King of Denmark, in order to communicate to him certain overtures he had received from the King his Maſter, relative to the late Revolution, and a day being appointed for that purpoſe, Mr. Keith was much ſurpriſed, upon coming into the audience chamber, to find, inſtead of the King, ſome Members of his Council of State, who intimated to him, that his Majeſty not being very well, he had charged them to receive what he had to communicate, and give him an account of it. Mr. Keith made anſwer, that the orders he had received from his Maſter were to ſpeak to the King in perſon, and not to the Miniſters; and that he was not a little ſurpriſed, that after his Daniſh Majeſty had conſented to give him the audience he demanded, he ſhould refer him to his Miniſters, which he ſhould not fail to acquaint the King his Maſter with; after which he retired, very much diſſatisfied with his reception. Theſe letters add, that Mr. Keith had declared, in a very ſpirited manner, that if the Queen of Denmark is not treated with all the reſpect due to her birth and rank, the King his Maſter will not fail to reſent it.

April 7. It is a fact, that the Danes are ſo enraged againſt the Engliſh, that all the meſſengers who have of late gone from this Court to theirs, have, by the expreſs orders of Col. Keith, kept within his Excellency's doors during their ſtay at Copenhagen, and never once entered into the ſtreets, for fear of being inſulted by the mob.

A letter from Breſt ſays, that the French are at preſent very buſy in tranſporting large trees for ſhip-building from Corſica into the Royal Docks; and that the buſineſs of their navy goes on with extraordinary ſpirit.

Four French men of war, of 60 guns each, and three frigates, all with troops on board, have ſailed from Toulon for the Weſt-Indies, within theſe five weeks.

It is ſaid that two eminent houſes in the city laſt week ſhipped off goods and merchandize, to the Weſt-Indies and America, to the amount of 90,000 l. ſterling.

The amount of the public debts ſtanding the 5th of January laſt (being old Chriſtmas Day) with the annual intereſt, or other charges payable for the ſame, is as follows, viz. principal debt 127,497,619 l. 8s. 2d¼. The annual intereſt, &c. 4,526,392 l. 8s. 8d.

Advice is reported to have been received from Liſbon, of a dangerous inſurrection at Rio de Janeiro, in the Brazils, which was not quelled when the letters, which were brought by a Spaniſh frigate to Ferrol, came away.

April 9. *Yeſterday morning part of the baggage of His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland ſet out from Pall Mall for Dover, in order to embark for France.*

Some letters from Gibraltar mention, that a ſmart ſkirmiſh happened lately near that place, between 12 ſoldiers belonging to the garriſon, and a party of Spaniards, in which 4 of the former were killed, and 10 of the latter.

A large BLACK COW,

WITH a ſmall ſtar in the forehead, white under her belly, the lower half of her tail is white, the lower part of her off hind leg white, brand H. R. on each horn, ſtrayed the 28th of May laſt, from the Commons of Philadelphia.---Return her to HUGH ROBERTS.---Reward TWENTY SHILLINGS. ‡

WILLIAM ADCOCK,

Is removed to the houſe lately occupied by the Widow Morris, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the upper end of the Jerſey-market, and the 4th houſe from the north-eaſt corner of Second and Market-ſtreets; where he continues to ſell, wholeſale and retail, very low for caſh, a large and general Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, viz.

SUPERFINE and coarſe broadcloths, foreſt cloths, German ſerges, Wiltons, ſilk and worſted ſaggathies, rich white flowered and watered tabbies, India and Engliſh paduaſoys, plain and flowered ſattins, plain and figured modes, half ell perſians, ſarſnets, plain and changeable mantuas, plain and changeable perſians, ſtriped ditto, womens velvets, Marſeilles quilting, black, white and blue Hoſe's ſilk ſhoes, men and womens plain and ribbed ſilk hoſe, ſilk mitts, of various ſorts, black, cloth coloured, buff, blue, ſcarlet, crimſon and green worſted breeches patterns, ſerge denims, everlaſtings, ſilk ſtripes, ginghams, black and coloured crapes, harband ditto, bombazeens, poplins, ſtriped and plain bengals, flowered and plain dimities, royal ribs, cantoons and ſattinets, for mens breeches, cotton velvets, velverets, thickſets, jeans and fuſtians, ruſſels, calimancoes, durants, tammies, rattinets, ſhaloons, yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens and ſheetings, Ruſſia and Lancaſhire ſheetings, hempen ſprig ozenbrigs, Scotch ditto, beſt ſuperfine and common Flanders bed ticks, bed bunts, ticklings, Ruſſia drabs, nankeens, 8-qr. and 9-qr. diapers and damaſks, tablecloths, clouting diapers, a variety of ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton romal ditto, printed ditto, of various ſorts, a large aſſortment of cottons, calicoes and chintzes, the neweſt faſhion furniture checks, ſcarlets, crimſons, blues and greens, cambricks and lawns, muſlins, humhum, plain and flowered kentings, plain, flowered and ſtriped gauzes, long lawns, thread and blond laces, fringes, gimps, ready made cloaks, mens ſilk and worſted hoſe, men and womens thread, cotton and worſted hoſe, japanned tea trays, for ſetts of china, beſt London buckle chapes, for ſilverſmiths, an aſſortment of japanned waiters, of all ſizes, plate covers, ladies white, blue and black riding feathers, ivory-handled table knives and forks, ditto with caſes, buck and bone ditto, ſetts of the beſt double gilt Pinchbeck buckles, plated ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, watch chains, ivory and horn combs, coat and quality bindings, a great variety of taylors trimmings, jubilee knives and forks, razors of the beſt kind, Barlow's beſt and common penknives, &c. &c.

Said *Adcock* has imported a very large and general aſſortment of Wilton Carpetting, of the neweſt and moſt faſhionable patterns, with borderings to match, bed-ſide and table carpets, and Turkey and Perſia Carpets, ready made.

STARCH,

Of the beſt quality, branded H & H STARCH ſold by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore, on Mr. Stamper's wharff. Alſo

ANCHORS,

FROM One to Twelve Cwt. made by N. GREEN, & Co. at Warwick, Rhode-Iſland government, warranted for 12 months; and any orders for anchors of particular weights will be complied with, by giving timely notice to ‖ 8w.

Philad. May 22, 1772. LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away *from William Withers, about the* 15th *of April laſt, a Negroe man, about* 6 *feet high, much pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on, when he went away, an old patched hat, tow ſhirt, black and white kerſey jacket and breeches, yarn ſtockings and old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; about* 40 *years old; and did formerly belong to James M'Donough, at the Trap, in New-Caſtle county, is called* HARRY, *but it may be probable he will change his name. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and brings him home, or ſecures him, ſo as the ſubſcriber (who is now become his proper owner) may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by*

† WILLIAM CLARK.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 800 acres, ſituate in Baltimore county, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapſco Falls, and within one mile of ſaid mill, and within four miles of two other Merchant mills, that always give Baltimore-town price for wheat, and within 10 miles of ſaid town; the ſoil is good for grain or graſs, and has an extenſive range.---For particulars, enquire of EDWARD COOK, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to ſaid land. ‖ 8 W.

SAMUEL SHAW,

HAS juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a neat aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, for the ſpring ſeaſon, which are now opening at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the corner of Arch-ſtreet, among which are, yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linen from 2s. to 4s. 6d. per yard, yard wide, 7-8ths and yard 3-8ths cotton and linen checks, 11 nail and 3 qr. checks and ſtripes, blue, drab, green and cloth coloured ſhalloons, blue, black, pink and cloth coloured tammies, ditto durants, Saxon, blue, green, black and cloth coloured callimancoes, ſtriped and checked camblets, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, ozenbrigs, ticklenburghs, brown rolls and heſſens, mens coarſe thread ſtockings, mens and womens fine ditto, an aſſortment of faſhionable ſarſnet, ſattin and broad figured ribbons, white perſian for bonnet linings, black ſilk cravats, faſhionable cottons and cotton chintz, 7-8ths and yard wide Barcelona handkerchiefs, bandanoe handkerchiefs, Kenting, Scotch, Malabar and romal ditto, duke ditto, Scots thread, knitting thread, and ditto worſted, cambrick and lawns, white three corded ſewing ſilk, cloth and crow coloured ditto, worſted breeches patterns, broad blue and white French ſtripe, red and white ditto, yard and 7-8ths cotton Holland ſtripes, 9 qr. Flanders bedticks and bedbunts, Foolſcap and Pro-patria paper, narrow and broad worſted bindings, tapes and bobbins, London, White Chapel and darning needles, coloured thread and ſilk laces, ſcarlet gartering, Tully's ditto, double and ſingle corking, middling and ſhort white pins, 4 lb. 4 lb. and a half, and No. 12 ditto, ivory, horn and buckling combs, mens ſteel thimbles, braſs, copper and white metal ſhoe and knee buckles, new faſhioned ſleeve buttons, white metal and ſcarlet wove ditto for jackets, baſket ditto, an aſſortment of cutlery, G B wool cards, F and FF gunpowder, pigeon, duck, gooſe and muſtard-ſeed ſhot, bar lead, Scots ſnuff in bladders, Hamilton's ditto, beſt A C London ſteel, pepper, mace, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs.

Likewiſe a quantity of ſhop goods on hand, belonging to R. M'Culloch, which will be ſold very low for caſh or ſhort credit. †

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 3.

THE Grand Vizir having received advice, that the Ruſſians intend opening the campaign by beſieging Oczakow, he is augmenting and repairing the fortifications of that place with the utmoſt expedition. It is ſaid that the Vizir intends beginning with an attack on Giurgewo. He has been ſome days in Siliſtria, and taken proper meaſures to hinder the Ruſſians from making any excurſions on this ſide the Danube. Numbers of recruits daily arrive at his army, which is much more conſiderable than it was at the opening of laſt campaign.

Warſaw, Feb. 26. The convoy of ſilver, ſo long impatiently expected from Lithuania, amounting to four millions of Poliſh florins, is at length ſafely arrived here. We were greatly afraid of the Confederates meeting with it on the way; but we are now delivered from our fears on that head.

March 14. The Diets of Lithuania were held with great tranquility. The Nobility of that province have appointed Deputies to acknowledge to the King the legality of the acts of his Election and Coronation; to aſſure his Majeſty of their fidelity and ſubmiſſion, and how much they were rejoiced that it had pleaſed Heaven to deliver his ſacred perſon from the hands of the aſſaſſins, &c. The Deputies of ſeveral Palatinates and Diſtricts are already arrived to execute this commiſſion.

According to the preliminaries for a peace, Moldavia and Walachia were to be reſtored to the Turks. The Tartars of the Crimea, and their neighbours, were to be declared a free people, exempt from all protection, and their fortreſſes not to be occupied by foreign troops. Turkey was to pay Ruſſia for the expences of the war 80 millions of Dollars of Lyons; but Ruſſia will not accept theſe preliminaries, and hath ſent Lieutenant General Elmpt, with a body of 12,000 men, which, joined to that of General Romanius, who is near Slonim, Breze, and Pinſk, will reinforce the Ruſſian army conſiderably.

From the Frontiers of Turkey, Feb. 22. Letters from Conſtantinople import nothing leſs than the ſpeedy return of peace. They talk of nothing but preparations for the enſuing campaign, which the Porte is reſolved to open ſooner than ordinary. A great quantity of cannon has been caſt in the arſenal, and the people are employed in equipping a good number of half-galleys, deſtined for the Black Sea, where the Ruſſians, on their part, threaten to make a diverſion.

Hamburgh, March 27. Letters from Peterſburgh mention, that the Caſtle of Moſcow was lately burnt entirely down.

L O N D O N.

March 28. A Great Perſonage, as well as being his own Commander in Chief, is his own Miniſter; he has indeed an oſtenſible Premier, as he has an oſtenſible Secretary at War, but the one, like the other, is the inſtrument rather of his will, than the adviſer of public meaſures; and therefore all the proceedings of Government are now to be aſcribed either to the WISDOM, or the BENEVOLENCE of the S-------n.

A correſpondent informs us, that if Lord Camden is not complimented with the re-poſſeſſion of the Seals, he will at leaſt have ſuch an addition to his penſion, for his late complaiſance to the Court, as will make the loſs of them infinitely eaſier to his circumſtances.

The Duke of Grafton is, we hear, continually cloſetted with the French Miniſtry at Verſailles; the buſineſs on which he has been diſpatched to France is, however, only gueſſed at.

March 30. The quietneſs of our Court with reſpect to the affairs of Denmark ariſes, we hear, from an aſſurance ſent by his Daniſh Majeſty, that no meaſure whatſoever ſhall be taken againſt the Queen's life, and that if ſhe actually appears guilty, her ſentence ſhall be perpetual impriſonment at ſome one of the country palaces.

March 31. The government of Ireland have at laſt gained over Lord Shannon to their intereſt. The terms are a reinſtation of offices, with an additional penſion. His apoſtatiſm, however, is not yet announced, as he is tampering with his kinſman and colleague, Mr. Ponſonby, to bring him over on ſome ſuch terms.

The Speaker of the Houſe of Commons in Ireland is to be made a Peer, and retire on a penſion.

People in general exclaim againſt rebellions, and nothing, ſure, can be more alarming. But query, had there never been any rebellions, would there now be ſuch a thing as liberty in the world?

April 2. They write from the Continent, the deſpotic proceedings of the Court of Denmark are ſo little approved, and the Queen thought of in ſo favourable a light, that if ſhe was divorced, ſhe would not be thought an unworthy Conſort for the heir to the Empire. Some hints of which, it is ſaid, have been thrown out in a proper place.

The orders at the ſeveral Dock-Yards in this kingdom are, that the men be kept conſtantly at work for three months to come, and that every ſpeedy meaſure be taken for putting our Navy upon the moſt reſpectable footing. This, it is ſaid, has cauſed ſome little converſation between Prince Maſſerano and Lord North, but each had addreſs enough to give perfect ſatisfaction to the other.

They write from Liſbon, that the froſt has been ſo ſevere in that kingdom, that it is computed two thirds of the orange and lemon trees have been killed by it.

Yeſterday after his Majeſty had left the Houſe of Peers there was a Council, and it is ſaid that ſome regiments will be immediately ſent to Ireland.

A letter from Smyrna to a merchant in London ſays, that the plague has broke out afreſh in that unhappy country, which daily carries off great numbers of people.

They write from Dublin, that on the 20th ult. when the Lord Lieutenant was returning to the Caſtle from the Houſe of Peers, his carriage was attacked by a mob, who inſulted him in the groſſeſt manner.

A ſmall French frigate has been obſerved hovering for ſome days paſt off the Iſle of Wight. None of the crew came on ſhore, and when a boat made towards her, ſhe moved farther off.

April 3. Yeſterday the Committee of privileges met at the Houſe of Commons, purſuant to the order of Wedneſday, to conſider of proper meaſures to be taken for the treatment thereon to ſeveral of their members by the Upper Aſſembly: The Speaker was preſent and examined: The further conſideration, we hear, is put off till Monday next.

The reaſon why his Majeſty has not given his ſanction to the laudable deſigns carrying into execution by the ſpirited ſociety at the Chapter Coffee-Houſe, is, becauſe he has given proper orders to have the preſent high price of proviſions recommended to the conſideration of Parliament, in order that relief may be adminiſtered upon an extenſive plan.

The eyes of all England will ſoon be fixed upon the conduct of Parliament, reſpecting the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company.

The great riſe of bread within this fortnight paſt, is an evident proof of the villainy carried on by the engroſſers. It is well known to thoſe who have but little ſkill in ſuch matters, that there is corn enough in England, at this preſent time, to ſupply the fair demands of the kingdom for two years to come. There are a number of repoſitories in and about London for corn and flour quite full, and kept ſo merely to enhance the price of the commodity; there are alſo in the country immenſe quantities of wheat in ſtacks, not only of laſt year's growth, but of the preceding; and the only reaſon that is given for not threſhing it is, becauſe the market price is not adequate to the quality of the grain.----What a pity is it that ſuch matters ſhould eſcape the notice of thoſe in power!

April 7. Letters from Hanover mention, that an order is iſſued out for all officers belonging to the troops of that Electorate, to join their reſpective regiments by the 24th inſt.

Yeſterday a motion was made in the Houſe of Commons for a Committee to be appointed to enquire into the cauſe of ſtopping the Antigallican privateer, and her prize, in the Bay of Cadiz, about 13 years ago, when the motion was rejected by a great majority.

Extract of a letter from Largan, in Ireland, dated March 25.

"I find the rioters (near us) very quiet; I am of opinion they will ſoon ſubmit; the ſoldiery are in parties hunting the country every night, and each day bring in one or more priſoners. Yeſterday Mr. Johnſon, with a party, returning to this town, ſounded a horn as they rode frequently, at which many women, with joy in their countenances, ran out, ſuppoſing it to be their huſbands returning in triumph, but when they ſaw the troops, a groan was the conſequence; one man, whoſe name is Reilly, at the ſound of the horn, unkennelled himſelf, and ran to meet (as he thought) his *quondam* friends, but, perceiving his miſtake, fled, and Mr. Johnſon ſeeing him ſaid, that fellow did not fly without cauſe, therefore ordered a trooper to purſue him; the fellow took into a bog at that place called Clare, and the trooper, not being able to follow him on horſeback, got on foot, and purſued him to the ſide of a lake, where the fellow took to ſwimming; the trooper followed into the water to his middle, then ſnapped his piece at him, which flaſhed in the pan; however, Mr. Johnſon rode round, and met Reilly on the other ſide the lake, preſented his piſtol at him, and the fellow immediately fell upon his knees, and begged his life. The brother of this Reilly was committed to goal in the morning juſt before this fellow was taken; they have both turned King's evidences, and impeached numbers. The country round this town is entirely thinned, unleſs of old men and young women. Another priſoner, one Duffy, a taylor, is this minute taken."

A perſon who has been concerned in the corn trade, has given information, that there are now lodged in warehouſes, along the ſide of the river Thames, from Weſtminſter to Limehouſe, vaſt quantities of corn and flour; that all or moſt of the corn and flour brought into the river, is bought up by engroſſers, and lodged in theſe warehouſes, and only ſmall quantities carried to market, which has been the cauſe of keeping up the price; he further declared, that there are many quarters now ſpoiling, and for ſome years paſt they have kept it in the above manner till it was ſpoiled, and then it was made uſe of by the diſtillers, or given to the hogs. This information is to be laid this day before the Committee at Guildhall, and alſo ſome other accounts, relating to many bad practices carried on in the Corn-market, to enhance the price of bread.

Laſt night about eleven o'clock a meſſenger arrived at St. James's from Ireland, with ſome intelligence concerning the inſurgents. His packets were directly laid before his Majeſty, at the Queen's Palace; and this morning he was ſent back expreſs to his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

Extract of a letter from an officer in the Rochford, Capt. Hunt, dated Madraſs, Sept. 27, 1771, *by the Stag.*

"I embrace the opportunity of informing you, that we arrived here the 17th inſtant, having had an agreeable, but rather a tedious paſſage of five months and 16 days, in the courſe of which we have in general enjoyed tolerable good health.

"We called at the Cape on the 6th of July, where we ſpent a fortnight very agreeably. There was at this place a French tranſport, with part of the regiment of Clare on board, deſtined for the iſland of Mauritius, and from her we learned, that a French army of Europeans, conſiſting of 7000 men, were there ready to ſtrike ſome capital ſtroke in India.

"The India Company are now at war with the King of Tanjour, and have raiſed an army of 40,000 men againſt him, with which they have begun the ſiege of his capital, which contains himſelf, his treaſure, and his whole army. It will ſoon capitulate, as the place cannot long reſiſt ſuch a force."

It is currently reported, that the Earl of Briſtol will ſhortly reſign his poſt, and the Duke of St. Alban's is to be appointed in his ſtead.

April 9. This day the Houſe of Commons are to go into a Committee of the whole Houſe upon the conſideration of a motion made on Monday laſt, to bring in a Bill to encourage the ſubjects of foreign ſtates to lend money upon ſecurity of freehold or leaſehold eſtates in any of the colonies in the Weſt-Indies, and to render effectual the recovery of the payment of ſuch money.

It is ſaid, that a tax of 50s. per ann. is to be laid on all foreign livery ſervants in this kingdom.

It was Mr. Oliver that moved the Houſe of Commons, to enquire into the caſe of the proprietors of the Antigallican private ſhip of war (printed copies of that caſe having been diſtributed.) He was well ſupported by Mr. Sawbridge, and others-----but in vain.-------The nation's honour, the King's ſolemn promiſe, the hardſhips of the caſe, were all deſpiſed, and treated with contempt, by the Treaſury Bench, and conſequently by the Houſe, who refuſed to enquire into that matter.-------This motion reflects much honour on Mr. Oliver.

The preliminary articles of peace between Ruſſia and Turkey are obſtructed, by ſome hindrance thrown in the way by the Court of Vienna.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, March 21.

"*Count Struenſee has been acquainted that his fate is determined, and that he will loſe his head in a few days, being found guilty of every charge that was alledged againſt him; his brother has been acquainted with the ſame, and they were both adviſed to make preparations for death. The day is not yet fixed for their execution, neither is the place pitched upon. As to what is intended to be done with our amiable Queen, it is yet unknown, as all the proceedings carried on againſt her are kept a profound ſecret. The villain, M. de Gronicht, who has been the cauſe of all theſe troubles, is ſet at liberty, and ſent, with a handſome ſum of money, to reſide in Germany.*"

Yeſterday the Houſe of Commons, in a committee of ſupply, voted 274,423l. 4s. 7d. towards defraying the extra expences of the land forces incurred to the 20th of February, 1772.

It is confidently affirmed that ſome ſecret advices have been received, reſpecting the apparent deſigns of a certain power to diſturb the tranquility of our American colonies.

Private letters from Berlin mention, that a freſh treaty has been juſt concluded between his Pruſſian Majeſty and the Empreſs; and that in conſequence thereof, orders have been given for the Pruſſian horſe, now in Podolia, to join the Ruſſian cavalry.

The laſt letters from Copenhagen adviſe, that Count Struenſee wrote a letter to the King on his birth-day, acknowledging his crimes, and the peculiar heinouſneſs of his guilt, in conſpiring againſt ſo gracious a Sovereign, by whom he had been honoured with the higheſt confidence; and, as he dares not preſume even to hope for pardon, begs his Majeſty will be pleaſed to order his chains to be lightened, or his ſentence immediately put in execution.

Yeſterday a motion was made by the Hon. Charles Fox, in the Houſe of Commons, for leave to bring in a bill to repeal the Marriage act: After ſome debates, which laſted till ſeven in the evening, the Houſe divided, for the bill 62, againſt it 61, and the bill was ordered in by a majority of one only.

It is certain that Prince Maſſerano, Ambaſſador from Spain, has, on the part of his Royal Maſter, moſt ſtrongly remonſtrated againſt any Britiſh ſhips of war entering the South Seas, on the ſcore of making diſcoveries in that part of the globe; and has even gone ſo far as to declare, that, after ſo juſt and amicable a remonſtrance, the King of Spain will be under the abſolute neceſſity of vindicating his own ſovereign right to thoſe ſeas, and conſequently ſhall give orders to ſeize all ſhips of war, that ſhall be found making diſcoveries in *or* through *the South Seas, without a ſpecial licence from the Crown of Spain.*

On Monday laſt a memorial was ſent from this Court to that of Verſailles, relative to a point of importance, which is now in agitation between the two Courts.

It is remarkable, that directly after paſſing the Marriage Bill for the Royal Family, the Pretender married.

A new treaty of commerce and alliance is on the point of being ſettled between the Courts of France and Peterſburgh.

Lord Barrington, it is ſaid, is making preparations for a journey to Ireland, on what occaſion has not tranſpired.

April 11. *The Hon. Charles Fox never ſhewed himſelf to ſuch advantage as on Tueſday laſt, on his motion for the repeal of the Marriage Act. He brought his reaſons ſo home to the boſoms of his auditors, and ſo clearly evinced the barbarity of the preſent Act, that no leſs than twenty-three avowedly intended oppoſers of his motion, abſolutely voted in ſupport of it.*

We are informed, that in the courſe of nine days paſt three of the King's meſſengers have been ſent away with diſpatches to Sir Robert Murray Keith, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Copenhagen.

An evening paper of laſt night ſays, a Gentleman of conſequence has favoured us with the concluſion of the laſt conference between Prince Maſſerano, the Spaniſh Ambaſſador, and our Secretary of State. The Ambaſſador, after charging the Britiſh Court, in a haughty and imperious tone, with infraction of treaties, by ſome late orders ſent to the Britiſh Governors in the Weſt-Indies, and by the deſign now going to be executed of proſecuting diſcoveries in the South Seas, concluded with ſaying, "That he believed his Maſter would not blame him, if he was to leave the Britiſh Court on this occaſion, without taking his leave." "Then (ſaid the Miniſter, turning on his heel, as he was opening the door) I wiſh your Excellency a good journey, in caſe I ſhould not ſee you again."

The Proteſtant Diſſenters Bill will be re-conſidered on Tueſday next.

Earl Cornwallis is to ſet out in a few days for Copenhagen, on ſome affairs of conſequence.

Expreſs orders were ſent to Plymouth on Thurſday laſt, for two third rate men of war to ſail with all ſpeed for the Mediterranean.

It has been reſolved to ſtation two 60 gun ſhips, a 50, and two ſloops, on the coaſt of Africa.

Letters from Rome, dated March 11, *adviſe, that more than one perſonal affront has been given there by the Chevalier Stuart (vulgarly called the Pretender) to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter; and notwithſtanding the Pope has ſent his poſitive orders to the Chevalier not to give any more affronts to his Royal Highneſs, yet the Chevalier (underſtanding that the Duke of Glouceſter was to pay a viſit on the 3d of March to Cardinal Albania) choſe that opportunity publicly to meet the Duke of Glouceſter's equipage in a narrow ſtreet, and inſiſted upon the Duke and his whole retinue to give way, and which accordingly was done by the Duke of Glouceſter, to the no ſmall triumph of the Chevalier Stuart. This quarrel is not yet compromiſed, and probably may be attended with more alarming circumſtances. His Holineſs the Pope, however, had on this ſubject a tete-a-tete with his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter in the garden this day* (March 11.) *No living creature was preſent at this long conference between theſe two illuſtrious worthies, but it is now publicly known to have been very agreeable to both parties.*

The public need not be in the leaſt apprehenſive, that a certain young Queen on the Continent will undergo the diſgrace of a public death, notwithſtanding the aſcendancy of her enemies. If her Majeſty dies at all for her imputed offences, it will be ſuddenly in the night; and it would not even be ſurpriſing, if we were told that ſhe committed a ſuicide in a fit of deſperation.

The King of Pruſſia has been lately very buſy in increaſing his military force; and it is thought with an intention of taking a very material part in any war that may poſſibly take place between Great-Britain and Denmark.

The Duke of Cumberland is now grown ſo great a favourite with the people, and treats them with ſo polite an attention, that his Royal Highneſs never appears abroad without receiving the loudeſt huzzas, and hearing himſelf very heartily bleſſed by the diſintereſted multitude.

Orders are ſent to Portſmouth and Plymouth, for the Commanders of the guard-ſhips, and others, to prevent any of the ſeamen in his Majeſty's ſervice from going on board the outward bound Eaſt Indiamen and Merchantmen, which has been a practice much complained of.

Orders are ſent to the Commiſſioners of different Dock-yards, for the men of war that are to be ſtationed at Newfoundland, for the protection of the fiſhery the enſuing ſeaſon, to be in the Downs by the beginning of next month.

The ſubſcription at the Globe Tavern, for the ſupport of Mr. Alderman Wilkes, was not ſet on foot by the Inhabitants or Common Council of his Ward, as has been reported, but by ſome Gentlemen from the Society of the Bill of Rights, who meet there to receive ſubſcriptions. Their plan is to raiſe 600 guineas a year, by voluntary ſubſcription, at the rate of one guinea from each Subſcriber; and, for this purpoſe, each Member ſolicits his Friends, and they have ſucceeded ſo well, that we hear they have paid the Alderman 50 guineas a month, for the two laſt months.

A letter from Ipſwich, dated April 6, concludes as follows: "Friday laſt the poorer people, driven to the greateſt neceſſity, aſſembled in a body at Colcheſter, and ſeized ſome carcaſe carriages, a waggon load of wheat, and the like quantity of barley-meal, on their way through that town for London. The meat they ſold for threepence halfpenny a pound, wheat 4s. a buſhel, and the barley-meal greatly under the market price, and then gave the money, ariſing from the ſale, to the perſons who had the care of the waggons. The ſoldiers quartered in this part, expect to be called out to quell the riot, and are holding themſelves in readineſs."

The Act lately ſigned by his Majeſty, ſaid to be an Act to take off one ſhilling per lb. on all black and ſinglo Teas, *is a miſtake*; it ſhould have been ſaid, an Act to *explain* and *amend* an Act for taking off one ſhilling per lb. on all black and ſinglo Teas, which Act expires on the 5th of July next, at which time the ſhilling per lb. will be again laid on.

We are informed that no account has been received at St. James's of the affront ſaid (in ſome of the Papers) to have been offered by the Chevalier Stuart to the Duke of Glouceſter. Nor any letters from his Royal Highneſs againſt the Royal Marriage Act.

We hear that the petition of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London, preſented on Wedneſday laſt to a Great Aſſembly by Mr. Sheriff Bull, ſets forth the high price of wheat and flour, and repreſents to the Aſſembly, that if the importation of wheat, wheat flour, and Indian corn, were allowed duty free, it would be a means of preventing a further riſe in the price of bread.

Thurſday at three o'clock the Committee that was appointed to ſearch into the Journals, upon the indignity that was offered to the Houſe of Commons, the 1ſt day of April, in ſending the Clerk aſſiſtant, with one of the Maſters in Chancery, with a Bill from the Lords, made their report to the Houſe, which was read by the Clerk at the table, when the Committee could find no Precedent of the aſſiſtant Clerk ever attending before; and likewiſe was read the behaviour that the Speaker and four other Members received, when they were attending their duty in the Houſe of Lords, in being rudely turned out by the door keepers. Lord Folkſtone then got up, and mentioned to the Houſe what the Committee had done, and therefore begged leave to make a motion that he had in his hand, which was, that the bill which was brought up by the Meſſengers from the Houſe of Lords on the firſt day of April, not being the uſual Meſſengers, be ſent back to the Lords, which was objected to by the Miniſtry, as being unprecedented, and would tend to create a diſturbance between the two houſes; when the queſtion being put, the houſe divided, 57 for the motion, 197 againſt it.

Another motion was then moved for by the Miniſtry, to ſend an humble meſſage to the Lords, acquainting them, that their laſt meſſage was unuſual, which was objected to by the minority; but, upon a diviſion there appeared 105 for, 53 againſt. The Minority then moved for a conference to be held between the Houſes, which was objected to by the Miniſtry, upon a diviſion of 51 for the conference, 117 againſt it.----Thus ended the long debate.

B O S T O N, *May* 28.

The 3d of April a motion was made in the Houſe of Commons, in behalf of his Majeſty's Proteſtant Diſſenting Subjects, relating to the Subſcription to the 39 Articles; and a Bill was ordered for their relief.

S A L E M, *May* 26.

It appears by the Papers brought by Capt. Hooper, that the high Price of Proviſions in England occaſions great Diſtreſs among the poor Inhabitants: But this Calamity ſeems, by ſome Accounts, to be owing rather to an artificial than natural Scarcity, ariſing from that ſame Principle of deteſted Avarice, in monopoliſing the Neceſſaries of Life, in the Subjects of this ſame *righteous* Government, called *Britiſh*, which cauſed the late deplorable Famine in Aſia, where Millions of our Fellow-creatures ended their Days in ſuch a Manner as muſt have excited Commiſeration in every obdurate Animal, but the unfeeling Miſer.---A London Paper, of the Beginning of laſt Month, ſpeaking of the late Famine in Aſia, ſays, "The Hoarders of Rice raiſed Fortunes, and *Two Millions* of People died of Famine.---It is believed that the Monopolizers made juſt *Five Shilling* Sterling a Head of the *Slain!*----How uniform in the Adminiſtration of Juſtice does Government appear! puniſhing with Death a poor Perſon who ſteals 2 or 3 Shillings Sterling, and at the ſame Time protecting the Villains who, in with-holding Suſtenance from their Brethren, murder Millions."

Beef is now (ſay the London Papers above mentioned) from 5d. to 7d. per pound; Mutton and Pork from 5d. half-penny to 7d.

per pound; Veal from 6d. to 9d. Bread 8d. farthing the Quartern Loaf; Coals 4l. 4s. the Chaldron.

NEW-YORK, *June* 8.

On Tuesday last the 21st Regiment, or Royal North British Fuzileers, under the Command of Major Sutherland, was reviewed near this City, by his Excellency General Gage, his Excellency William Tryon Esq; our Governor, being present, and a great Number of the principal Gentlemen of this Place.----The Exercise was continued for several Hours, and exhibited a great Variety of Manœuvres and Modes of Attack, Defence, Advance and Retreat, &c. with Firings and Movements suitable to every Occasion in actual Service; all which were performed with surprising Dexterity and Exactness, to the great Delight of every Spectator, but cannot be described with Justness and Propriety, by a Person not Master of the Subject.---The Notice of every one was particularly attracted by Corporal George Bess (called the Fugalman*) who stood at a Distance, a little to the Right, and gave the Motions, which he made with inconceivable Vivacity and Gracefulness.*

The following melancholy Account was brought to Town last Wednesday Night, by one Richardson, late Mate of the Sloop Sally, Capt. Jesse Hunt, of this Port, who sailed from hence the 29th of April, bound for Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

"*Capt. Jesse Hunt, in the Sloop Sally, from New-York, bound to Charles-Town, South-Carolina, was cast away on Monday, the 4th of May, on Cape Look-out Shoals, about 10 Leagues from Land,---the Vessel and Cargoe entirely lost, with seven Persons, viz. One Sailor, by name Swane, a young Woman named Trigleth, two Children of Mrs. Jacobs's, a Jewess, that was going for a Nurse for Major Butler, another Woman that was going to her Husband, who is a Blacksmith in Charles-Town, and a Negroe Boy of the Captain's; --the rest of the People (being fifteen in Number) with much Difficulty got safe to the Shore in the Boat, after being in her fifteen Hours.---The Captain was once knocked overboard, but was happily got in again.*"

Thursday last being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Birth-day, when he entered the 35th Year of his Age, the same was observed here with great Solemnity; in the Evening some curious Fire Works were played off, and a general Illumination throughout the City; and indeed every Demonstration of Joy was shewn by all Ranks, that could be expressed by a loyal People to a gracious Sovereign.

Thursday last the Harriot Packet, Captain Oak, sailed from hence with the Mail for Falmouth.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 11.

Thursday last, being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Birth-day, the same was observed here in the Morning, by ringing the Bells; at Noon 21 Pieces of Cannon were fired at the Barracks; and in the Evening a Number of Friends to our happy Constitution met, when several loyal and patriotic Toasts were drank, and other Demonstrations of Joy shewn.

Last Thursday Evening, Mr. JOHN WILCOCKS, Merchant, was married to Miss HOCKLEY; and Mr. JOHN TAYLOR, Merchant, to Miss NANCY HUSTON.

Among a Number of Bills which received the Royal Assent on the First of April, was one for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army in America.

Captain Garrigues, from the Bay of Honduras, on the 8th of May, off the Colleradoes, spoke the Ship Betsy, Capt. Ripps, from Jamaica for London, out 11 days, all well; 29th, in Lat. 34: 36, Long. 72: 30, spoke a Schooner, from Hispaniola for New-York, out 18 Days; and on the 31st, in Lat. 36: 56, just on the Edge of Soundings, he spoke a Brig, from London for Virginia, out 52 Days.

Captain Castle, from Falmouth, informs, that a Ship, belonging to New-York, bound from North-Carolina for London, put in there in Distress, having sprung a Leak at Sea; and that the Packet, with the Mail for New-York, was to sail the 19th of April. On the 21st ult. in Lat. 38: 5, Long. 46: 11, Captain Castle spoke the Ship Bougal, Captain Steel, from Glasgow for Virginia, out 30 Days; and on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 27: 58, Long. 63: 30, he spoke a Schooner, from New-York for London, out 5 Days.

Captain Alexander, from Barcelona, on the 29th of May, in Lat. 36: 36, spoke a Brig, Captain Marsh, from New-York for Dominica, out 4 Days; all well.

Capt. Tillett, from London, on the 12th of April, in Lat. 39, Long. 15: 12, spoke a Ship, Capt. Brown, from Carolina for London.

Captain Henderson, from Yarmouth, on the 31st ult. in Lat. 37: 20, Long. 65: 47, spoke the Brig Betsy, Captain Wicker, from Rhode-Island for the West-Indies, 4 Days out, all well.

Captain Cox, from Grenada, the 2d Inst. in Lat. 30: 4, Long. 70: 20, spoke Capt. John Hodge, in a Sloop from St. Martins for New-York; 6th, in Lat. 35: 36, Long. 73: 20, spoke Captain Wright Weasteoat, in a Brig from Norfolk for Grenada, all well; and on the 8th, 72 Miles E. S. E. from our Capes, spoke the Ship Lyon, Capt. Hamilton, from this Port for Cadiz, out 24 Hours.

From York Town, in York County, we learn, that --------- Ross, was tried, convicted, and received Sentence of Death, for a Highway Robbery, at the late Circuit Court there.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, from Virginia. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckly, and Schooner William, J. Gorham, Boston. Sloop Sally, T. Alberson, New-York. Ship Fame, T. White, junior, St. Croix. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, Lisbon. Brig Resolution, J. Garrigues, Honduras. Sloop Betsy, R. Prudden, Turks-Island.

OUTWARDS. Ship Minerva, A. Cain, Liverpool. Snow Molly, T. Woodhouse, Cadiz. Ship Pennsylvania Farmer, C. Robeson, Maryland. Brig Conolly, J. Wilson, for Dublin.

CLEARED. Sloop Bentham, B. Woods, Sloop Mulberry, J. Warden, Sloop Endeavour, C. Gale, and Schooner Patty, J. Jones, to North-Carolina. Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Newfoundland. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Snow Sally, G. Gilbert, Ship Bridge, J. Rogerson, and Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica. Ship Severn, J. Hathorn, Bristol. Brig Charlotte, J. Montgomery, Brig Charming Nancy, J. Cox, Ship Two Brothers, R. Adams, Brig Two Friends, J. Peter, and Brig Paragon, J. Burrows, Lisbon. Snow Live Oak, R. Moore, Virginia. Sloop Sally, R. Inkson, Wilmington. Schooner Hebe, J. Wilson, Hispaniola. Schooner Ann, G. Giffin, and Schooner Massachusetts, J. Smith, Halifax. Sloop Recovery, B. Tuell, Rhode-Island. Ship Friendship, W. M'Culloch, and Snow Penn, T. M'Cain, Cork. Brig Charlestown Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Friendship, J. Blewer, to South-Carolina.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. 6d. Wheat 8s. Indian Corn 4s. 2d. Ship Bread 22s. 6d. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. 10s. Hogshead Ditto 7l. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Beef 3l. Pork 5l. West-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40l. to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 50s. to 60s. Melasses 21d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 16s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 24s. Lisbon Salt 21d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar Iron 28l. Pig Iron 8l.

TO BE LETT,

A STORE, and small ROOM adjoining, situate at the Corner of Market and Second-streets. For Terms, enquire of ENOCH STORY, Broker.

LISBON WINE, of the best Quality,
And a PARCEL of
EXCELLENT BOTTLING CORKS,
Just IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by
CHARLES WHARTON,
At his STORE, near the DRAWBRIDGE. ¶

JOHN WHITE,

Hath just imported in the Minerva, Capt. Tillett, from London, and the last vessels from London, Bristol and Liverpool,

A Large and neat assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which are to be sold, on the lowest terms, at his store, in Water-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets.

CAME to the plantation of EDWARD LANE, of Charlestown, Chester county, the 10th day of May last, a brown MARE, supposed to be 15 years old, about 14 hands high, with a snip on her nose. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

Philadelphia, June 9, 1772.

WANTED,

AN APPRENTICE to the MERCANTILE BUSINESS: One who writes a good Hand, and is thoroughly acquainted with Arithmetic, on Application to the Printers of this Paper, may know where to apply. †

LEMON JUICE,

Extraordinary clear, manufactured in BERMUDA,
To be SOLD on board the Sloop BETSY,
ROBERT PRUDDEN, Master, lying at West's Wharff, above Vine-street. ¶

Philadelphia, June 9, 1772.

ON Friday next, the 12th instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at WILLIAM SITGREAVE's VENDUE STORE, the upper end of Second-street, will begin the sale of a large and neat assortment of fresh Goods, suitable to the season; among which are, NANKEENS, men and womens cotton and thread hose, ozenbrigs, 7-8ths and yard wide cotton checks, apron wide ditto, cotton linceys, tammies and durants, striped and plain camblets, knit breeches pieces, muslins and humhums, calimancoes, brown Russia sheetings, ravens duck and Russia drills, womens worsted stockings, Scotch lawns, white and brown hessens, taffeties and ell-wide persians, plated buckles, jeans and fustians, a quantity of calicoes and cottons, dowlas and Irish linens, buckrams, pins, needles and combs, cotton romals, cambricks and lawns, sewing silks and threads, printed and check handkerchiefs, silk handkerchiefs, brown and white Irish sheetings, table cloths and diapers, white and coloured threads, womens coloured leather mitts, Barcelona handkerchiefs, bed bunts, paper. Also, ground ginger, in kegs, household-furniture, wearing-apparel, &c.

N. B. He continues his vendue every Friday, and often on Saturdays, and has to sell, at his store, in Market-street, between Second and Third-streets, and next door to the Post-office, choice green tea, by the box or dozen, a neat assortment of taffeties and lutestrings, and other India goods; also ground ginger, gun-powder, nails, nankeens, &c. with a considerable assortment of other European GOODS.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1772.

A PERSON, who understands the Quality of COCOONS, and of SILK when reeled, may find good Encouragement from the MANAGERS of the FILATURE, for his Attendance, Skill and Care, as a Superintendant.

N. B. It may be worth the Attention of the Raisers of SILK-WORMS, that there were two Instances in Bucks County last Year, where the Worms throve well till after the fourth Moulting, and when they were almost ready to spin, they left off feeding, crawled about, their Tails became small, and turned yellow, the deadly Symptoms among us, and they began to die fast; but, merely by Accident in one of the Instances, and from Design in the other, Oak Leaves were laid in their Way, which they devoured greedily, gained Health and Vigor, and spun as well as any Worms could do.

BRISTOL WELLS.

THE PROPRIETORS of the BATH, having been disappointed in finishing the PUMP and LONG-ROOMS until this Time, do acquaint the PUBLIC, that they are now compleat, and the BATHS in good Order, ready for the Reception of such Persons, as incline to make Use of the Waters this present Season. *June* 11, 1772.

Chester, June 5, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 20th day of June instant, on the premises, will be exposed to public sale, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, near John Kerlin's tavern, in Whiteland township, Chester county, a messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereto belonging, containing one acre, more or less, with a stone house, and smith's shop thereon, bounded by Lancaster road, by the road leading to the Yellow Springs, and by other land late Joshua Bean's; late the estate of Joshua Bean, seized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 22d day of June instant, will be exposed to sale, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract of land, containing 153 acres of land, be the same more or less, situate in Providence township, Chester county, bounded by lands of George Miller, Gideon Malin, and the great road leading from the Valley to Chester; there is a good log dwelling-house, stone kitchen, and frame barn, erected thereon, with a good well of water near the kitchen door; likewise a stable and shed, and a young thriving orchard; it is a suitable place for a store or tavern, there has been a tavern kept there a number of years, and is a licenced tavern at this time. Also at the same time and place will be sold, horses and cattle, household furniture, implements of husbandry, &c. the whole late the estate of David Malin, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by
JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

June 6, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 23d or 24th of May last, a bay HORSE, that paces, trots and hand gallops, with a large star in his forehead, about 14 hands high, 6 years old this spring, shod all round when he went away. Whoever takes up the thief and horse, so that the thief be brought to justice, and the owner gets his horse again, shall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and for the horse only, TWENTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable charges, paid by me
JESSE TAYLOR.

RUN AWAY, *the 5th day of this instant June, from the subscriber, living in Long-coming Tavern, Glouc ester township, and Glouc ester county, a servant man, named* WILLIAM WRIGHT, *about 5 feet 1 inch high, a well set fellow, dark complexion, black straight hair; had on, when he went away, a blue grey coat, ripped in the back, coarse white shirt, and thick linen trowsers, pieced up the seat with ozenbrigs, a felt hat, and old Dutch made shoes, tied with strings. Whoever secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall receive* THIRTY SHILLINGS *reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by*
¶ JOSEPH NICHOLSON.

WAS stolen in the night of the 5th instant June, out of Isaac Borton's house, in Evesham, a light coloured saggathy coat, with a piece of the outside cloth put in on the left side, where the lining had been torn, a saggathy lappelled jacket, with dark new buttons, and the lining mended on the left side with some of the outside cloth, and the jacket sullied with grease spots, and other dirt, two pair of buckskin breeches, one pair partly new, Philadelphia made, with one button off the waistband, the other an old pair, patched, with a hole in the under part of the left thigh, and the leather chiefly worn off the buttons, which are white metal, two pair of thread stockings, one plain, with the letters E. H. knit in the top of each, the other a ribbed pair, with a hole darned in the leg of one of them, a beaver hat, partly new, with round loops, two pair of worsted stockings, one pair new, middling blue, white tops, each stocking marked, one with an E. and the other an H. the other an old lightish blue pair, one pair of yarn stockings, and a pair of white yarn knit garters, a fine shirt, the wristbands a little fretted, two Barcelona handkerchiefs, one new, of a dark redish colour, two sided, the other an old brown one, two pair of silver buckles, one pair of them knee buckles, marked E. H. the other a pair of shoe buckles, square rimmed, the tongues and anchors almost worn, a pair of Pinchbeck knee buckles, and a double worked pocket book, marked W. S. Whoever discovers where said goods are, or secures them, so that the owner may get them again, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, paid by ELISHA HOBTON.

N. B. The above things are supposed to be stolen by William Wright, the runaway servant mentioned in the foregoing advertisement, and it is thought will be dressed with part of the above described clothes.

A COOK

MAY hear of a PLACE, by applying to the PRINTERS. If she understands her Business compleatly, and is well recommended, the highest Wages will be given.

WANTED immediately,

A MILLER, who understands Merchant Work, and also attending a Saw-Mill, at a Place not far distant from Philadelphia; and a healthy Part of the Country. A Man, not exceeding middle Age, with a small Family, and who brings a good Recommendation from his former Employers, and especially that he does not make his Grog too strong, may apply for Terms to ROBERT LEWIS, in Philadelphia; NATHANIEL LEWIS, at his Mills, at Bordentown; or WILLIAM LEWIS, at his Mills, near Croswicks, in Burlington County, West-Jersey. 4 *W.*

Cumberland County, *June* 1, 1772.

RAN away, from the subscriber, living in Shearman's Valley, near Carlisle, the following Dutch indented servant men, viz. GEORGE ROSENBERGER, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, about 29 years old, of a pleasant countenance, dark brown hair, and has lost the fourth finger of his right hand; he can talk the German, Portuguese and Spanish languages, and can write and read the German, has been but about five months in the country, and can talk but little English: He had on, when he went away, a dark coloured nap short coat, like a sailor's, a blue broadcloth jacket, old light coloured broadcloth breeches, a new tow shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, new shoes, with hob-nails in the heels and soals, and had a new wool hat. JOSEPH CAROLE, about 5 feet 9 inches high, came in the same vessel with George Rosenberger, can likewise talk German, Portuguese and Spanish, and but a few words of English, he is of a tawny complexion, has dark brown hair, and short visage, is much sun-burnt on the back, by wearing the bosom of his shirt behind, and is much addicted to drink: He had on, when he went away, a new wool hat, a light coloured nap lappelled short coat, old light coloured plush breeches, a new tow shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, and new shoes, with hob-nails in the Soals and heels. Whoever takes up said servants, and confines them in any of His Majesty's goals, so that the subscriber may get them again, shall receive THREE POUNDS for each, if taken out of the county, and if taken within the county, FORTY SHILLINGS for each, and all reasonable charges, paid by ¶ FRANCIS WEST.

Norriton, June 9, 1771.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS a certain GEORGE FAIL, by an advertisement in the Gazette, number 2204, hath forewarned all persons from taking an assignment of a note, which he, the said Fail, gave to me, the subscriber, setting forth that he apprehends he hath been greatly deceived and imposed on in the consideration, for which he gave the said note. In answer to which, I do beg of the public to suspend there opinions a short time, or until the note becomes due, at which time I doubt not of having it in my power to convince them, that there was no deception or imposition used in obtaining said note, but that it was fairly, legally, and justly obtained. ¶ JAMES SHANNON.

RUN away, on the 17th of May, 1772, from the subscriber, at the Head of Chester river, in Kent county, Maryland, an English servant man, named TIMOTHY SMALLY, about 35 years of age, 4 feet 10 inches high, fair hair, pitted with the small pox; had on, and took with him, a light blue saggathy coat, a green lappelled vest, tied with yellow ferritting, half worn sheepskin breeches, a pair of coarse yarn milled hose, half worn shoes, with buckles, a large half worn beaver hat, commonly wore it cocked up, one ozenbrigs shirt; he is fond of company, and delights much in singing, and, if examined, will appear much confused. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that the owner may have him again, shall have a reward of THIRTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable charges, paid by
THOMAS JUREY.

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, the 17th of May last, from the subscriber, a Dutch servant boy, named JACOB MILLER, by trade a Baker; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a reddish grey coatee, called plain, a brown jacket and breeches, a pair of brown speckled ribbed stockings, an old homespun shirt, and a new felt hat; he is a well set fellow, about 5 feet high, and very much marked with the small pox, of a bold sour look, and an artful cunning rogue, about 18 years of age; he was seen at Bristol with the soldiers, and, it is said, went with them to New-York, and offered to enlist, but they refused him, on account of his size. Whoever takes up said servant, and brings him to *Christian Cramer*, or *Adam Von Erden*, in Philadelphia, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by CHRISTIAN CRAMER.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. 8

Philadelphia, June 9, 1772.

RUN away, on Monday, the 8th day of this instant June, from Nicholas Hess, blacksmith, in Philadelphia, an apprentice lad, named Michael Ohnangst, *about 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, hath a down look, black hair, and wears it generally tied behind; he has with him three suits of cloaths, viz. one brown cloth coat, one short grey coat of coating, and a whitish fustian coat, one white and red striped jacket, one scarlet coating jacket, with yellow buttons, and a claret coloured cloth jacket, a pair of buckskin, and a pair of white twilled breeches, a pair of white yarn stockings, and two pair of light blue woollen ditto, one new hat, and one old ditto, one pair of shoes, and a pair of pumps. Whoever secures said apprentice lad, or brings him to his said master, shall, if taken up in this province, have Three Pounds reward; and if out of the province, Five Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by*
† NICHOLAS HESS.

WHEREAS we, the subscribers, executed a NOTE, for Twelve Pounds, to a certain *Christopher Alleman*, of Derry township, in Lancaster county, payable in six months, from the 29th of April last. And whereas the said note was illegally obtained from us, we therefore forewarn all persons from taking any assignment thereon, as we have not received the full value thereof, and are determined to dispute the payment of the same. Witness our hands, the 1st of June, 1772.
¶ THOMAS DUCKETT, and SAMUEL MILLER.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, about the beginning of May, a small grey MARE, 4 years old, shod before, about 12 hands high. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. JOHN BOUTCHER. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in the township of Alloway's Creek, in the county of Salem, in the province of West New-Jersey, the 13th of May last, an indented Dutch servant man, named Samuel Mansfield, but sometimes he goes by the name of John Mansfield, aged about 40 years, near 6 feet high, strong built, but at the time he went off much emaciated and worn down by sickness, of a dark complexion, black hair, remarkably small grey eyes, double teeth, both above and below, in the fore parts of his jaws, and has a scar on one of his arms from a sore lately healed; had on, when he went off, a light coloured broadcloth coat, full trimmed, about half worn, with light coloured shaloon lining, much torn, and a jacket of the same cloth, striped homespun trowsers, a pair of fine worsted stockings, of a mixed colour, half worn shoes, and a raccoon hat, about half worn; he has a mother living some where in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and has many acquaintances there; it is supposed he has gone thither. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, or if brought home, all reasonable charges, paid by SAMUEL SMITH. †6*W*

To be SOLD by
CHARLES JENKINS,
At his house in Almond-street, or by
WILLIAM FORBES, in Water-street,
A PARCEL of JAMAICA HIDES, and a few Hogsheads of OLD SPIRIT. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Friday, the 19th day of June instant, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage and plantation or tract of land, situate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing about 60 acres, be the same more or less, bounded by a road leading from Wissahickon road to Frankford, and by lands of ------- Shippen, Joseph Fox, Esq; Samuel Ashmead, Esq; and others, having a barn, stables, and other out-houses, erected thereon; late the estate of John Renshaw, deceased, seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 20th day of June instant, precisely at 12 o'clock at noon, and to be struck off at 4, at the house of Archibald Thompson, in Norriton township, a certain messuage and plantation or tract of land, situate in Norriton township aforesaid, containing about 180 acres, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Archibald Thompson, Robert Currey, William Bull, and others, having a barn, stable, and other out-houses, erected thereon; late the estate of James and Mark Thompson, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To the PUBLIC.

To be exhibited at JOHN CUNNINGHAM'S, upon the Common, on Thursday, the 25th of June instant,

A Curious and elegant FIRE-WORK, such as has not been exhibited in America, consisting of a Variety of Representations, *viz.* A Ship with 20 Guns, to fire Distance and Distance, the Ball to be seen discharging from the Cannon, the Ship, Masts, &c. all illuminated, running 80 Yards on Wire.---Fifty Sky Rockets different Kinds--Six large Boxes of Serpents--Six more with a Star--Two large Wheels--One Dozen of small Wheels--Six Cherry Trees--Six China Pumps--Six Italian Candles--and several other different and curious Performances..

N. B. Two large and commodious Galleries are erected in a suitable Situation for those Ladies and Gentlemen who shall choose to attend, and encourage the Undertaking; and as the Performance will begin about Seven o'Clock in the Evening, the Ladies would do well to attend in Time, in order to procure good Places. The whole Works to be finished by Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, and may be viewed by any Person, who has a Taste for such Amusement.---Tickets only *Half a Dollar* each. ¶

MINERAL SPRINGS.

THE subscriber informs the public, that he has erected a convenient BATH, at Abingdon, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, and six from Germantown, on the old York road; the situation is one of the most healthy in the province. As many have experienced the happy effects of these waters, in removing obstinate disorders that have baffled all medicine, and they have been recommended often by some of our best Physicians, who give them the preference in many cases to any within 30 miles of the city. The distance from town is so small, that patients may go and return from thence the same day; which is a matter of great convenience. Beside the advantage of drinking the best mineral water, and breathing the most pure air; patients may now be accommodated with an excellent cold Bath, either of mineral or common spring water, as their Physicians may direct, which may be emptied and filled in 20 minutes. The subscriber has been at some pains and expence to accommodate the public with these excellent waters, and bath, as well as lodging and boarding, and therefore, any who will oblige him, by using them, will be well treated, and gratefully received, by *Their humble servant,*

¶ WILLIAM FRENCH.

NEW CURES PERFORMED BY MAREDANT's DROPS.

ANN JOYCE's CASE.

To Mr. NORTON, *Surgeon, in Golden-Square, London.*

SIR,

I RETURN you my most sincere thanks, for the cure I have obtained by the use of your most excellent drops, of an inveterate scurvy, which afflicted me almost twenty years: My left leg was so violently inflamed all over, that it appeared like the *St. Anthony's Fire*, attended with large blotches, and the most extreme pain; the veins were also greatly enlarged and knotted. In this melancholy condition, I applied to several eminent Physicians, and to two of the principal Hospitals, without relief. Relating my unhappy case to a gentleman, he advised me to take your drops; he said a friend of his had been cured by them, after every other means had failed, on which I immediately began to take them, and by continuing for some time, am restored to perfect health; my disorder having entirely left me. I am, *Your obedient and very humble servant,*

ANN JOYCE, Hackney.

Witnesses to the above, (Claud Croque, Esq;) (John Webb, Corn-Factor.)

A recent and most extraordinary cure, by the use of Maredant's Drops, *which are sold by* NICHOLAS BROOKS, *the second door from the Coffe-House, in Philadelphia.*

To Mr. Norton, *Surgeon, in Golden-Square, London.*

SIR, *Oxford, December 16, 1771.*

IN gratitude to you, and for the good of the public, I beg leave to send you the following miraculous account of a cure, which does honour to yourself and your invaluable medicine, and which I desire you will publish, for the good of mankind in general. My youngest son, about 12 years of age, had been afflicted for above two years, with a violent scorbutic humour in the teeth and gums, by which the salival glands were so swelled and inflamed, that it was with difficulty he could open his mouth to receive the smallest nourishment, which could only be received by a small spoon; I had the timely advice of more than one able Physician and Surgeon, but the methods they used were so inefficacious, and the disorder gained so much ground, notwithstanding all their prescriptions, that I had resolved to take him to London, where, if possible, I might meet with better advice and success. I should have put this design in execution, had not a gentleman of Oxford informed me of the great benefit he had received from the use of your drops, which I immediately resolved to make trial of, and had the satisfaction of seeing my son gradually mend, and in less than a month, perfectly recovered: He is now in Oxford, where many people of credit are ready to testify the truth of this cure. I am, Sir,

Your ever most obliged and grateful humble servant,

THOMAS WILKINS.

Any person, still doubtful of the efficacy of this medicine, may, by applying to Mr. Norton, Surgeon, the west side of Golden-square, near Piccadilly, London, the only author and proprietor, where these drops are sold, be fully convinced of their good effects, by being referred to many people of credit, who have been cured of the leprosy, scurvy, ulcers, the evil, fistulas, piles, long continued inflammations of the eyes, and every other disorder, arising from a foulness in the blood. They may be taken in any season, without the least inconvenience or hindrance of business; they also perfect digestion, and amazingly create an appetite.

He has also for sale, a good assortment of Music, Jewellery, Dry Goods, as usual, &c. &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, in the Borough of Bristol, in the county of Bucks, containing 68 feet front on Mill-street, and extending through to Market-street 239 feet, or thereabouts, then 68 feet front, on Market-street, with a two story dwelling-house, and kitchen, a large brick wheelwright's shop, fronting Mill-street, with a well of water in the yard, and a stable on the back end of the lot; its front on Mill-street is the most public in the said Borough, and adjoining the well known tavern kept by John Priestly. For terms, apply to the subscribers, at the corner of Front and Vine-streets, or to Jacob Lancaster, in the Borough of Bristol.

Likewise, a pair of 4 feet French burr mill-stones, Scotch handkerchiefs, India calicoes, silk mitts, womens white cotton hose, silver watches, some China ware, and cordage; West-India and Philadelphia rum; loaf, lump and muscovado sugar; melasses, Bohea and green tea, chocolate, cocoa, gammons, pepper, shot, Madeira wine, Lisbon and Liverpool salt, and a quantity of red cedar. BALDWIN and GILBERT. §

RUN away from his master, living in Philadelphia, an Irish servant lad, named *Henry Holms*, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, fair complexioned, and light hair; had on, when he went away, a check shirt, a light coloured fustian coat, green jacket, black breeches, and blue trowsers, worsted stockings, coarse shoes, and an old beaver hat; he is lame in his ancle, has a sore leg, and a hobbling walk; it is thought he has got his master's grey nap surtout coat with him, it being stolen out of the house about three weeks ago. Whoever takes up and brings home the said servant lad, shall receive, if in the city, *Ten Shillings*; if under 20 miles, *Twenty Shillings*; and if further, *a Shilling a mile* reward, and reasonable charges; paid by JOHN BROWN, Joiner, in Front-street, Philadelphia, a little above the Bank Meeting-house. ¶

*** All masters of vessels are cautioned not to take him away. He is an impudent talkative fellow, and may be easily detected.

May 21, 1772.

Chester-Town, May 21, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from his bail, in Chester-Town, Kent county, Maryland, JOHN BARNHOLD, a Butcher by trade, he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thin, lively complexion, and has lost his fore finger from his left hand, born in Germany, but brought up in or near Philadelphia, where it is supposed he is gone. Whoever apprehends the said fellow, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, shall have the above reward; but if brought to his bail, shall have *FIVE POUNDS.* WILLIAM GIBBES. §

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber (out of John Mason's stable, near Marcus Hook) in the night of the 28th of May, 1772, a likely brown bay MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, dark mane and tail, lately trimmed, though not so far back as the headstal as had been, the remainder stands upright, and not long enough to lay over with the mane, trots, paces and canters, inclines more to trot than pace, shod before, appeared to be about 5 or 6 years old, has no brand nor other mark known, except a remarkable short switch tail. Whoever will bring said mare to the above Mr. Mason, or to the subscriber, at Duffield and Delany's, the corner of Walnut and Second-streets, Philadelphia, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ THOMAS ROWAN.

New-London, Chester county, June 1, 1772.

STOLEN, out of the pasture of the subscriber, in the night of the 29th of May last, a black MARE, of a middle size, about 10 years old, no brand nor ear mark, has a saddle mark on the off side of her back, with a tuft of white hair growing out of it, and a mark of the pole-evil behind her near ear, and had but one shoe on. Whoever takes up the thief and mare, so as he may be brought to justice, and the owner have his mare, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, or Twenty Shillings for the mare only, paid by

¶ HUGH CAMPBELL.

Kennet, Chester county, June 2, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, but supposed to be stolen, out of the pasture of the subscriber, on the night of the 31st of May last, a sorrel MARE (with a colt at her foot, near 3 weeks old) with a star in her face, 7 years old this grass, paces when put on, but in common a trotter, shod all round. Whoever secures the mare and thief, so that he may be brought to justice, and the mare delivered to the owner, shall have *Three Pounds* reward, or *Thirty Shillings* for the mare only, and reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH SHARPLESS. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Northampton township, Bucks county, some time ago, a stray RAM, marked with a crop on the near ear, and a halfpenny on the off ear. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN THOMPSON. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in West Nantmell township, Chester county, in the night of the 16th of May last, a little dark roan MARE, shod all round, mane trimmed, short tail, branded on the off shoulder and buttock HF. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay the cost of this advertisement, and take her away.

June 2, 1772. JARED IRWIN. ¶

CAME to the plantation of THOMAS PILKINTON, in Middletown township, Chester county, the 20th of May last, a small BAY MARE, a natural pacer, branded on the near side I. M. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

Philadelphia County, June 1, 1772.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Gwynedd township, near two weeks ago, a brown Milch COW. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ABRAHAM WEIDNER. ¶

THREE POUNDS *(Pennsylvania Currency)* Reward.

RUN away, on the 13th of April, 1772, from the subscriber, living near Winchester, in Virginia, an Irish servant lad, named *John Robison*, about 18 years of age, remarkably short and chunky, of a swarthy complexion, and has short black hair: Had on a grey wool hat, an old great coat, and jacket of a cloth colour, no buttons on either, also an iron collar, and a clog on the left leg: He can tend mills, drive waggon, spin on the little wheel, play cards, dance, and tell fortunes by the cards; pretends to know something of the slight of hand, can give a good account of Pennsylvania, has been at Fort Pitt, and is suspected to be gone that way now; he will change his name and cloaths, can read, but not write, he is a noted liar, and a villain, likes to ride a good horse, and will deny his master's name. Whoever secures him in any goal, or delivers him to his master, shall receive the above reward, with reasonable charges, paid by

¶ DAVID DAVIS.

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

INTENDING for England in the fall, is selling off his large assortment of China, Glass, and Earthen WARES, at his store, opposite Christ's Church, in Second-street, by wholesale and retail, at extraordinary low prices, for cash.---Such as are inclined to purchase large parcels together, may have them at a very small advance. He daily expects a large assortment of India China, in the Phœbe, from London.

*** A few tons of red lead, magnes, litharge and redwood; a quantity of powder and shot, spices, and a few dry goods, to be had at prime cost, as he purposes to deal only in wares for the future.

ALL those who are any ways indebted to the estate of GEORGE WOOD, late of Frankford, Innholder, deceased, either by bond, bill, or book debt, or for goods bought at his vendue since his death, are desired to pay their respective ballances to the subscribers, on or before the 20th day of June inst. otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney; and those who have any just demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly attested, that they may be adjusted. JONATHAN PASCHALL, and WILLIAM PEARSON, Administrators. ¶ *June 4, 1772.*

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in Derry township, Lancaster county; 281 acres thereof at the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and up the river Susquehanna; the land exceeding good, and well timbered; upwards of 40 acres of meadow, on the said creek, may easily be made and watered; also very convenient seats for a merchant and saw-mills, it being bounded on the river, and above the Conewagoe falls, and therefore has the convenience of water-carriage to the heads of said river. There are 30 acres clear, a log-house, 16 by 20, and some bearing apple trees.

Also 223 acres, part of an Island in the river Susquehanna, and opposite the above mentioned tract, 30 acres whereof are clear, the remainder rich, and well timbered. Also 500 acres of land, 2 miles above the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and adjoining the river Susquehanna. There are two tenements, with tolerable good log-houses, about 80 acres clear on the whole, some meadow already made, and a large quantity more to be cleared, and may be easily watered.

Also 400 acres, 3 miles from the river, and near the Round Top; at least 100 acres of meadow may be made on this tract; the whole remarkably well watered and timbered, and the greatest part of the upland very good for grain.

Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole, or any part of the said land, are desired to apply to the subscriber, on Friday, the 12th of June, at the house of Mr. SLOUGH, in Lancaster. Any person desirous to view the lands, before the day of sale, are requested to apply to JACOB METSKER, adjoining one of the tracts, who will shew the lands.

¶ 10s. JOSEPH GALLOWAY.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by
MICHAEL HILLEGAS,
At his House, in Second-street,

A GREAT Variety of *Music*, consisting of SOLOS, OVERTURES, CONCERTOS, SONATAS, DUETTS, LESSONS, &c. of the very best Authors; TUTORS, or BOOKS of INSTRUCTION, for the VIOLIN, GERMAN FLUTE, COMMON FLUTE, FIFE, and HAUTBOY; beside an Assortment of ruled Music-paper, Violin and Guittar Strings, Hautboy Reeds, and some very neat Guittars, Violins, German Flutes, Fifes, French Horns, &c. &c. 6 W.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on the Seventh Day of the week, the 13th instant, at 6 o'clock in the evening (pursuant to the last will and testament of Joseph Town, deceased)

A GOOD two story BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on a floor, with fire places in each room, with a good cellar, and a kitchen in part of it, situate on the South side of Christian-street, between Front and Water or Swanson-streets, not far from Joseph Wharton's wharff, Southwark; the lot is 20 feet front, and 80 feet deep, on a 30 feet alley. Also one other Lot, adjoining the above-mentioned Lot, of the same dimensions, with a wooden shop thereon. The whole is subject to a groundrent of Two Shillings currency per annum. Half the purchase money to be paid down, three months credit for the other half, giving security, if required.

JANE TOWN, Executrix, JOHN PARRISH, Executor. ¶

Said *Parrish* has for sale, a quantity of neat and well polished Flag-stones and Chimney-pieces, lately imported from England.

A QUANTITY of
CHOICE SPANISH HIDES,
To be SOLD by
LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,
On Stamper's Wharff, or by
SAMUEL RHOADS, junior,
At the Bird-in-Hand Wharff. ¶

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to All whom it may concern, that by Order of the Honourable the Judges of the Supream Court, of the province of Pennsylvania, a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, will be held at Philadelphia, for the city and county of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 15th of June next. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

For DUBLIN,
The BRIG
CONOLLY;

EXPECTED to sail in two weeks, and has good accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to ANDREW CALDWELL, and J. WILSON.

For LIVERPOOL,
The SHIP MINERVA,
ALEXANDER CAIN, Master;

WILL sail with the utmost expedition, having a great part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or passage, apply to ANDREW CALDWELL and J. WILSON, or the Captain on board, at William Allen, Esquire's wharff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the house of Bartle Hoover, in the town of Northampton, on Saturday, the 13th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain lot of ground, adjoining the said town, and land of David Deshler, containing 100 feet square, and whereon is a good tan-yard, and other buildings; late the property of Andrew Reep, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

* PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

ALL Persons who are possessed of Bills of Credit, issued by Act of Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, dated June 15, 1767, denominated SIX POUNDS, FOUR POUNDS, and FORTY SHILLINGS; and also the Bills of Credit of said Province, issued 1st March, 1769, denominated THREE POUNDS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, and EIGHT SHILLINGS, are requested to bring them to the Provincial Treasurer, and receive their respective Value.

May 4, 1772. *tho3m.* OWEN JONES.

Maidenhead, April 20, 1772.

GRANBY,

WILL cover this SEASON at Mr. Wilson Hunt's, at *Three Pounds* a Mare; he is a son of the Bellsize Arabian, from a shock mare; his grandam was got by Old Cade, a son of the late Lord Godolphin's famous Arabian, whose blood has been so highly esteemed for many years, his great grandam was a Hartly mare, known by Sportsmen to be the best in England. Granby is a fine bay, fifteen hands one inch high, with strength in proportion, and equal in form and beauty to any horse in America. ¶

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